









## THE PUBLIC HEALTH.

## FACTS UNCOVERED AND STATISTICS ANALYZED.

The City's Health Department, its Importance, its Defects and its Duties—Food, Water and Sewerage.

## III.—THE PREVENTION OF DISEASE IN LOS ANGELES.

The city of Los Angeles is no exception to the general rule that communities do not appreciate the importance of the health department. In her case there may, however, be "extenuating circumstances," which it is not my purpose to discuss. Her sanitary department, as is almost universally the case in American cities, has been clothed in the briefest authority and most meagerly supported financially and officially. The explanation of this is found in the conservatism which opposes innovations in methods and measures, and in our traditional indifference to these ill-understood hygienic matters. But this unfortunate conservatism and indifference are no worse here than in other places; indeed, their disastrous results are less marked in Los Angeles than in any other city of my observation. And our city, instead of prominently deserving criticism in sanitary matters, is, apparently, of all cities, the one to be most highly commended. For, such recorded mortality reports of the city, as I have been able to consult, show the death rate of Los Angeles to be marvelously low. While I have reason to believe that these reports are not accurate, they closely approximate the truth; and as citizens we have reason to be thankful that our city has probably the very lowest mortality rate of any place in the world.

I write the sentence advisedly, and urge attention to the fact that Los Angeles stands at the head of healthy cities of the world. But this is no cause for self-congratulation; for our freedom from sickness and death is Nature's favor; we have done nothing ourselves to entitle our community to this good fortune. It is brought about by a clear sky, a balmy air and health-giving breezes, despite our dedance of sickening sewers, miasmatic streets, the unrestricted aggregations of human beings in filthy tenement houses, the various unfavorable influences in unsanitary dwellings, and the crowded public buildings. A bountiful Nature, thrice bountiful here, protects us so effectively from diseases of our own inviting, that our healthfulness, if known abroad, would offer greater attractions than the most persuasive utterances of eloquent immigration committees. How remote we have heretofore been in showing this paramount attraction of Los Angeles I will not say; but I will try to show how culpable we are in not reducing our sickness and mortality to a lower figure. There are facts to prove that a hundred lives are lost annually in our city for which we, as a people, are responsible. These lives could be saved and a vast amount of sickness could be avoided, and preventable deaths annually added to our resources if we only determined to have it so. It is a question for intelligent citizens and all influential bodies to earnestly consider, not only from motives of humanity, but from its financial bearings. How much are these hundred lives worth to us every year? Good authorities have estimated each to be worth to the community, as a mere money-making machine, about \$1000. With this figure we can readily understand that Los Angeles could afford to invest \$1,000,000 in sanitary regulations, and the investment would net 10 per cent. per annum, or twice that amount if we include, as we should, the saving in sickness and its expenses. But it is probable that a very much less sum would do even more good if expended in judicious sanitation. Let us consider the Health Officer's figures. Taking as an average the 10 months from August, 1887, to May, 1888, inclusive, there were during the period 555 deaths, or at the rate of 666 per annum. (Of this number only 24 per cent. were natives of Los Angeles.) There were due to zymotic diseases—fifth diseases, called, 129 deaths; or at the rate of 155 a year. All sanitarians agree that these diseases can be prevented almost completely by proper hygienic observances. There were also three deaths from alcoholism, and 16 from poisoning, injuries and various accidents; a total of 149, or 22 per cent. of the year. These, too, are to a certain extent preventable; added to the deaths from zymotic diseases, we have a total of 184 deaths, most of which could be avoided. Carelessness in hygienic matters affects unfavorably all diseases; hence it is probable that proper sanitation would save many lives lost through other diseases than those above enumerated; for instance, in pneumonia, rheumatism, etc. Hence we may conclude that at least 200 deaths may be considered as preventable; and it is safe to believe that half of this number can be saved by sanitation. This is not ideal, but practical.

Among the sickness in our community in 1887 were 120 cases of smallpox, which cost the taxpayers between \$25,000 and \$50,000 in cash, beside the great individual losses suffered by those families afflicted with this disease. Smallpox is regarded by sanitarians and scientific medical men as a reproach to civilization; for of all diseases this is the one we can most easily prevent. The Health Officer's report states that of the 120 persons stricken with smallpox, 15 died; and this unusually "low death rate was owing to a large per cent. of the patients having been vaccinated in infancy. Not one died that had ever been vaccinated." In this epidemic the authorities with the commendable sanction and support of the Board of Health and the Mayor proceeded at the outbreak to enforce general vaccination. This was speedily done in spite of ignorant and bigoted opposition in certain quarters. The community was soon vaccinated, and the epidemic ceased. The authorities should be given power to prevent hereafter this visitation of this dreadful scourge. It can be absolutely kept out of our city by vaccination and quarantine. In Philadelphia, with a dozen times our population, not a single case occurred in 1886, owing to a sufficient and authoritative health department. Typhoid fever is another disease which can largely be avoided. In 1887, according to the Health Officer's report, two-thirds of the cases would be traced to impure water, not river water, but well water. Doubtless many cases of scarlet fever, diphtheria, etc., may be at least aggravated by the same cause; but typhoid fever more than any other seems to depend on soil or water pollution. The dangers from this source are inviolable; for the disease germs may be in the drinking water without changing its appearance, taste or odor. Thorough filtration may remove some of the dangers,

but danger of infection is only perfectly removed by boiling the water.

Ordinarily there is less danger from river water, though some people try to give our river a bad name. In localities where wells are used they should be placed as secure as possible from sources of contamination—vaults, cesspools, sewers, drains, stables, etc. And the fact should be known that well may drain an area whose diameter is three or four times the depth of the well.

The relative situation of wells, and possible sources of pollution, should be under official sanitary regulation. Stringent regulations would probably soon reduce typhoid diseases from 60 to 75 per cent.

Our river water is not unwholesome, though it may not rank high among palatable drinking waters. It is rarely the source of disease. Nor is the water in its channel unwholesome. Malaria is almost unknown here, though it may occur along the low-lying parts of the city in the river valley, and also in the neighborhood of such marshes and artificial ponds as are one of the incidental results of street grading in some localities. However, nothing is to be feared from these sources so long as the water is flowing and does not become stagnant. As a matter of precaution these possible factors in disease should be under the supervision of the health authorities. The same may be said in regard to the possible results, from a sanitary standpoint, of irrigation as carried on here. The question has often been asked whether so much irrigation does not lead to malarial troubles. But careful inquiry convinces me that thus far no such danger has been traced to this source.

The great question of sewerage is the most important element in sanitation. The sewerage of Los Angeles is good but inadequate; there is as far as I know no complaint of defects in the system, except that what was enough for a town of 20,000 will not be sufficient for our city of today. But the City Council has recently taken steps toward enlarging and perfecting the system; and we may congratulate ourselves on the prospect of this most important element in our city's welfare. It is to be hoped that in the interest of public health the matter may be pushed as rapidly as possible.

Apart from sewerage, though often confused with it, is the question of sanitary plumbing in our houses. The disasters so often attributed to "bad sewers" should, in many cases, be credited to bad plumbers. Sewers are always bad and full of noxious gases; but it is the plumber's fault if these are allowed to permeate our houses. These morbid gases, entering our dwellings and schoolhouses, are responsible for a very large proportion of cases of diphtheria, scarlet fever, "malaria," perhaps meningitis, etc. Perfect plumbing should hold these dreadful diseases in check and reduce their ravages three-fourths. A sanitary officer's time cannot be better employed than in carefully inspecting and advising in this matter. The sanitary supervision of our food supply has been discussed at length. The sale of adulterated or diseased food should be severely punished by the authorities. The great dangers are from diseased meat, fish, poultry, from adulterated or stale milk; from decaying vegetables, etc. Some of the most fatal poisons known are such as form in stale meat and milk, and they have caused numerous cases of sickness and many deaths. Slaughter-houses and stockyards and dairies should be constantly inspected by a competent officer, and diseased cattle and other animals should be condemned as soon as discovered. No punishment can be too severe for a man who imperils health and life by selling unsound food when its condition is known.

The sale of poisons should be restricted in fact as well as in theory. Notwithstanding our supposed control of this matter, there were three cases of poisoning by strychnine, two of them fatal, all within a period of three months. This occurred within my own observation two years ago in our city. The careless vendors of these poisons should certainly be held responsible for these deaths. The health authorities should have power not only to take cognizance of such crime but to prosecute the criminals. In the same category are the many inexcusable accidents which occur in our city, from the carelesslessness of railroad conductors and engineers, drivers and teamsters, builders and contractors; these men caused more than a dozen deaths last year in our city. "What are you going to do about it?" A few severe and rightly-deserved punishments would have a salutary effect finally. Much sickness and permanent injury to children can be avoided by more sanitary schoolhouses. These should be considered within the province of a well-regulated health department.

I have made no reference to the evils resulting from opium, alcohol and other influences which competent sanitary authority could do much to diminish. But most of the more important subjects have been alluded to.

To attain the objects so desirable it is essential that the community clothe a competent health department with proper power; that it be supported fully, both financially and officially. No more fitting language can be found to close this paper than the words of Dr. Gibon, in an address before a sanitary convention, Philadelphia, May 12, 1888. He says: "The thorough, effective sanitation which saves life, secures health, contributes to wealth, comfort and happiness, is not cheap; and the mistake which health officers have made and are still making is in accepting, under feeble protest, if any, the petty sums grudgingly doled out by legislative bodies as sufficient to accomplish in any sense the objects of their establishment. It ought to be understood that sanitary tinkering is worse than absolute neglect. A house imperfectly trapped is more dangerous than one reeking with foul smells, through the false sense of security given by its assumed protection. Chronic disease, rheumatism, and the like, are the result of a few hundred or a thousand, or even two, five or ten thousand dollars, for rent, salaries and executive acts is a health board in name only, and the community under its charge fancies itself clean because it wears a clean shirt over a dirty body and festering sores."

JOHN L. DAVIS, M.D.  
Los Angeles, January 29, 1889.

**Eyes and Ear Diseases.**  
Dr. S. M. Stoum of Pittsburgh, Pa., lately associated with the celebrated Dr. Sadler, is now permanently located at No. 38 South Main street (Moro Castle). Dr. Stoum treats diseases of the eye, ear, throat and nose exclusively. Chronic deafness, ringing, roaring and buzzing in the ears, discharges from the ears, throat diseases, loss of vision, and catarrh successfully treated. Operations for cataract, crossed eyes, pterygium tumors of the eyelids, etc., performed. Free consultation from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Sundays 12 m. to 2 p.m.

**Assignee's Sale.**  
The stock of books, stationery and notions of the late firm of Olmstead & Co., at No. 38 South Main street, will be sold regardless of cost for the next ten days. Call early and secure bargains.

**Low Kwal Sing.**  
No. 205 South Spring street, Asiatic goods at cost for three days.

## RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA

These twin diseases cause untold suffering. Doctors admit that they are difficult to cure—such their patients. Paine's Celery Compound has permanently cured the worst cases of rheumatism and neuralgia—say those who have used it.



FOR SALE.  
NO USE TO  
OWNER.

\$1.00. Six for \$5.00. Druggists.

Mammoth testimonial paper free.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Props., Burlington, Vt.

**DIAMOND DYES** Give faster and brighter colors than any other dyes.

**BABIES** Living upon Lactated Food are Healthy, Plump, Sleepy. It is Unquestioned.

**TRADE-MARK**

"The Best of Beverages!"

**Ghirardelli's**

**Ground Chocolate**

**Made Instantly**

**Real Estate.**

**Lankershim Ranch Land and Water Company.**

**—12,000 ACRES—**

**—FINEST—**

**SAN FERNANDO VALLEY LANDS**

10 Miles Northwest of Los Angeles.

On Main Line of the Southern Pacific Railroad.

NOW OFFERED IN TRACTS OF 5, 10, 20 AND 40 ACRES.

**\$35 to \$165 Per Acre!**

Terms, One-quarter Cash, Balance 1, 2 and 3 Years. Deferred Payments Bear Interest at 7 Per Cent. Per Annum.

Apples, Peaches, Pears, Prunes, Figs, Plums, Cherries, Persimmons, Raisins and Table Grapes, Quinces, Apricots, Olives, English Walnuts, Chestnuts and Pecans, as well as Grain and Vegetables of all kinds, grow to the highest degree of perfection WITHOUT IRRIGATION. The soil is a deep, rich, sandy loam. An inexhaustible supply of water. Mr. Milton Thomas and Mr. Byron O. Clark, the well known and experienced nurserymen, have purchased large tracts of these lands and planted them to orchards. They regard them as the very best lands in Los Angeles county for the cultivation of all kinds of deciduous fruits, olives and English walnuts, and owing to their near proximity to Los Angeles city, the cheapest lands in Southern California at the price they are now offered. It costs nothing to examine these lands.

—APPLY TO—

**LEWIS S. HOYT, Secretary, 44 N. SPRING ST.,**

**LOS ANGELES, CAL.**

**BURCH & BOAL, 3 SOUTH FORT STREET,**

**LOS ANGELES, CAL.**

**S. P. WELLS, LANKERSHIM, CAL.**

**Jewelry.**

**W. M. RAGLAND,**

**NEW JEWELRY Store,**

**120 NORTH MAIN ST.,**

**Opp. Temple St. : : : Lanfranco Block.**

**A full and complete stock of everything usually found in a first-class jewelry store. Fine watch repairing a specialty.**

**The RUSHFORD WAGON Leads Them All!**

—SEE OUR CELEBRATED—

**Norwegian Steel Plows,**

**Syracuse Chilled Plows, Harrows, Cultivators. Every**

**kind required by the farmer.**

**WE ARE SELLING BUGGIES AT COST.**

**MONTGOMERY, GRANT & CO., 238 N. Los Angeles St., Los Angeles.**

**And at SAN BERNARDINO**

**ONLY \$7.00.**

**NOT \$7.00.**

**ONLY \$3.50.**

**DEWEY'S ART PARLORS,**

**37, 39 and 41 South Main St., - - - Los Angeles.**

**The HAMMAM, 76 S. Main St.**

**TURKISH, RUSSIAN, ELECTRIC, SULPHUR and MEDICATED**

**BATHS. If you are restless and worried by the cares of business, take**

**Turkish-Kurashan Bath. For kidney, skin, or diseases of the blood, take a**

**Turkish-Sulphur Bath. Dr. de BORRIS, with an experience of twenty**

**years in the management of Hammam Baths, will give his advice**

**gratis concerning baths.**

**Ladies' Department open from 12 noon to 10 p.m. Gentlemen's Department open from 12**

**noon to 1 a.m. Open all night Saturday night and Sunday forenoon.**

**No charge for gentlemen bathers remaining over night.**

**WATCH REPAIRING!**

**BARTLETT'S,**

**NO. 18 WEST FIRST STREET.**

## SEWING MACHINE.

## OUR PREMIUM

## HIGH-ARM

## SEWING-MACHINE!

## TESTIMONIALS:

Following are letters received by the Times-Mirror Company from subscribers who have purchased the Premium Sewing-machine through us:

"GIVING PERFECT SATISFACTION." J. W. Ross, Pasadena, writes: "The Times-Mirror Sewing-machine is giving perfect satisfaction; in my opinion it is as good as any \$65 machine. I have not done any heavy work on it yet, but I think it will do all right."

"HIGHLY PLEASED WITH IT." Mrs. Edwin Brown, Los Angeles: "In reply to yours of 25th would state that I am highly pleased with the Premium Sewing-machine I received with the Mirror. Gives every satisfaction; so easy to learn how to manage; does such excellent work; in fact cannot praise it too much, and would not take the amount it cost me."

"THE MORE WE USE IT THE BETTER WE LIKE IT." Mrs. S. A. Ware, Pasadena: "I have used your sewing-machine since last July. The more we use it the better we like it. On fine and heavy work it is splendid. We have tried the attachment. In fact it goes ahead of our advertisement so far."

"LIKE IT BETTER THAN THE \$65 MACHINES." Joseph Wilson, Los Angeles: "The machine gives entire satisfaction. My wife likes it better than the \$125 Singer that it has replaced."

"GIVES GOOD SATISFACTION." S. W. True, East Los Angeles: "We have the High-Arm Machine and use it for light family sewing. It gives good satisfaction."

"SAYS BROOKE—AND SAYS EVERYTHING BUT TRUTHS." William P. Wade, Los Angeles: "The report of the chief engineer of the sewing department of my domestic establishment is to the effect that the sewing-machine lately furnished by you far exceeds to the best in the market, and in due time, and has given entire satisfaction. It runs lightly and with very little noise and performs to perfection all kinds of sewing work with the exception of buttonholes. When the freight is paid to Los Angeles by the Times-Mirror Company the price is \$54.50."

"THINK 'EM ALL AND SAY 'EM NONE BUT THE BEST." William L. Pryor, 225 Temple street, Los Angeles: "My wife tried several \$65 machines, and chose the Mirror Premium Sewing-machine as equal to the best in the market, for only one-fourth of the money. It is perfect in all particulars, and admired by all who see it. My wife has been using it several months, and we both cheerfully recommend it to the public as represented."

"MADE IT WORKMANSHIP AND SATISFACTION AS THE HIGH-PRICED ARTICLE." C. E. Spencer, Los Angeles: "Having sold hundreds of the Sewing-machine making \$25.00 for \$5, which you are now offering with the WEEKLY MIRROR at \$25.00 when freight is paid to Los Angeles, I wish to say that the machine you offer is identically the same as the high-priced article, both as to material, workmanship and capacity. Being a resident here and an experienced sewing-machine man, I will take pleasure in instructing any one in working the machine, in this place or vicinity."

"IS DELIGHTED WITH IT." Mrs. J. W. Strickland, Pomona: "The High Arm Mirror Sewing-machine came in good time. In excellent condition, without scratch or blemish, and I am delighted with it. We believe the machine is all that you recommended it to be, and think it a rare opportunity for those who may want a machine to get a first-class one cheap."

"PERSON IN EVERY RESPECT." Mrs. E. C. Cranston, Norwalk: "The High Arm Premium Sewing-machine arrived in prime condition, and is perfect in every respect. Freight \$2.50, with first cost added, making \$25.00 for as good a machine as is usually sold through agents for \$75. Well pleased. \$25.00 when freight is paid to Los Angeles."

"VERY MUCH PLEASED WITH IT." Mrs. Martha Allison, Downey: "I am very much pleased with my machine as far as I have used it, and think it a rare opportunity for those who may want a machine to get a first-class one cheap."

"EXCELLENT IN EVERY RESPECT." W. F. Badley, San Gabriel: "The sewing machine we received through your office proves satisfactory."

"WIFE THINKS IT THE BEST SHE EVER USED." J. W. McCallan, Tustin City: "We received Premium Sewing-machine through your office, and my wife thinks it the best she ever used; consequently are well pleased."

"SUPERIOR IN SOME RESPECTS TO THE BEST." S. A. Mattison, Los Angeles: "My wife and daughter are well pleased with your Times-Mirror Sewing-machine. They have used several of the best makes of machines, and yet say your machine is superior in some respects to those they have used, and in no way inferior. They were at first afraid, as many are, no doubt, that it is too cheap to be a first-class, but are now satisfied that it is as good as machines costing three or four times as much."

"EXCELLENT THE SEWING AND SHE SAYS ALL RIGHT." L. A. Myers, Newhall: "Yours of the 1st last received. Will say in reply that soon after I wrote you I discovered the cause of the trouble. The little tension screw in the shuttle had worked loose and was nearly out, and the shuttle thimble in sewing fast would catch a screw and break. I tightened the screw and it now works like a charm; no more break or thread or irregularity of stitch."

"ONE OF THE BEST INVESTMENTS THEY EVER MADE." Mrs. U. L. Shaffer, Orange: "We received our High-Arm Sewing-machine in good order, and I am very much pleased with it, and consider it one of the best investments we ever made. It is nicely finished, and runs at once and light, doing nice work. Any one needing a good machine I do not think can do better than invest \$25 in the machine and Mirror for \$55.00 when the Company pays freight to Los Angeles."

"BETTER THAN SATISFIED AND GLADLY RECOMMENDS IT." Martha M. Shaffer, Orange: "I thank you for sending to me for testimonials, as I have not my new machine in the parlor without over a thousand times, and I am very much pleased with it. I have just as good a machine ready for work and used to running. So I did not take time to do anything with the new one until I received your letter. Then I brought mine and went to running it to test it. I was more than satisfied, and gladly recommend it to those who need a machine. I think I would have gained time to have used it long ago."

"EQUAL TO ANY \$65 MACHINE." Mrs. W. W. Wilson, Los Angeles: "For the benefit of those who stand in need of a good sewing-machine, I will say that after using 'The Premium Mirror' for about four months, I find it equal to any \$65 machine I have seen."

**—THIS MACHINE—**

**WITH THE**

**Weekly Mirror for One Year,**

**FOR \$25.00 CASH.**

**Address: THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY,**

**Times Building, Los Angeles, Cal.**

## A New Premium

## WEEKLY MIRROR.

## SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA:

## Climata, Trails, Mountains, Canyons, Watering Places, Fruits, Flowers and Game.

## A GUIDE-BOOK

BY CHARLES FREDERICK HOWARD, Author of "The Ivory King," "March of the Titans," "Living Lights," "Elements of Zoology," etc.

LOS ANGELES: THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY, 1888.

The above handy reference book, 32 mo., 127 pages, will be given gratis until further notice to each new subscriber and each man who sends his subscription to

**THE WEEKLY MIRROR FOR ONE YEAR.**

The best all-round weekly paper in Southern California and a book full of delightful description, valuable statistics and fine illustrations of Southern California scenery by one of the foremost writers on the Pacific Coast.

**ALL FOR \$2.00.**

Send in your subscriptions to

**THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY,**

**TIMES BUILDING,**

**Corner First and Fort Streets, Los Angeles, Cal.**

**OUR IMPORTED**

**Breech-loading, Double-barrel,**

**J. B. CLEMENT SIDE-LEVER**

**SHOTGUN**

**—HAS—**

**Fine English Laminated Steel Barrels**

**Bar Locks, Rebounding Hammer,**

**Always at half-price by ordering against**

**Pistol Grip Stock of English Work,**

**Checked Grip and Fore-end,**

**Case-hardened Mountings, Slide Lock,**

**Action, Choke Bore, Chamber, Etc.**

**Complete in workmanship and finish**

**EQUAL TO THE BEST \$30 GUNS**

**Warranted to be without defect in every part.**

**Do not confound this gun with the**

**cheap \$10 affairs, as we are not willing**

**to offer our patrons any article**

**that we cannot warrant to give entire**

**satisfaction.**

**\$18.85**

**\$18.85**

**\$18.85**

**Buy This Gun and the Weekly Mirror**

**—ONE YEAR—**

**Each Gun is accompanied by 25 Rounds of**

**which may be reloaded many times, also**

**of reloading tools.**

**10-bore, 30-inch Barrels, 9 to 9 1-2 Pounds.**

**12-bore, 30 to 32-inch Barrels, 8 to 9 Pounds.**

**We pay freight to Los Angeles, and send the Gun from our office by express at cost**

**of buyer. We have a sample Gun at our office for the inspection of those who may**

**call on us. We are well satisfied that those buying one will get an excellent bargain**

**at our figures, hence we are willing to receive back any gun that proves unsatisfactory,**

**defective or not equal to our representations; the only risk to run is that of getting a**

**gun that is not equal to our representations; the only risk to run is that of getting a**







## THE CONTRACT LET.

## Salt Lake and Los Angeles to Be Linked.

Something Definite at Last About the Desired Road.

New York Capital Behind the Great Undertaking.

Other Coast News—Wells and Swift to Go to Washington—Important Testimony in the Laguna de la Tache Litigation—Judge Terry's Charge of Freedom.

By Telegraph to the Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—[By the Associated Press.] It is announced that the contract has been let for building the Salt Lake and Los Angeles line, and that work has been commenced on the grade.

Donald McLean of Salt Lake City is the contractor. He says that the Wyoming and Pacific Improvement Company, made up of New York capitalists, is behind the enterprise, and that the road, 900 miles, will be finished in two years.

## THE CUYAMACA.

It Will Be Built to Connect with the Southern Pacific.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 30.—[By the Associated Press.] In the matter of building the Cuyamaca and Eastern Railroad, provision for paying subscriptions has been made and the right-of-way difficulties are all removed so that the building of the road will go forward at once. The grading of the first 22 miles is practically finished. The materials for the track are all on the ground. Eight of John I. Blair's trusted men, skilled in railroad building, are here ready to go to work. A large surveying corps is at work locating the second section east of Lakeside. As soon as the survey is accepted the contract for grading will be let. An application for track-laying, which lays one and one-quarter to two miles per day has arrived from the East. It is now certain that the road will be built right on to a connection with the Southern Pacific near the Palms.

J. C. Long, of the San Diego, Cuyamaca and Eastern, stated today at a public meeting that the traffic arrangements with the Southern Pacific had already been closed and that an officer of the company had gone East to make traffic arrangements with the Union Pacific.

## TERRY'S CASE.

The Judge to Be Released and Arrested Again.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—The question as to whether Sheriff Hale will allow Judge Terry the five days per month credit on his term of six months in the Alameda County Jail, claimed by Terry under the United States statutes, has not yet been decided. Judge Terry claims that he should be discharged next Friday. Mrs. Terry has taken a copy of the Sheriff's bond and threatens suit unless the Judge is released. Hale says he will act as he is advised by counsel. Judge David S. Terry will on Friday make a demand on Sheriff Hale to be released from the Alameda county jail. District Attorney Reed having decided that he is entitled to 30 days' credit for good behavior. The Sheriff is in a quandary as the United States District Attorney's advice is to the contrary. The Sheriff will probably, however, allow the prisoner his freedom. It is stated that when this is done Terry will immediately be arrested on criminal indictment pending against him in San Francisco.

## CUT OFF HIS HAND.

A Convict's Device to Escape Hard Labor.

SALEM (Or.), Jan. 30.—[By the Associated Press.] Frank Howard, a convict in the State penitentiary, yesterday cut off his left hand with a dull hatchet this afternoon. He was sent up from Multnomah county for five years, being convicted of obtaining money under false pretenses. When he arrived at the jail he was put to work in the foundry, to which he objected and succeeded in burning himself so that he was placed in the hospital. When he recovered he was sent back to the foundry and today cut his hand off at the lower part of the wrist. The first stroke failed to do the work, and he struck a second time, severing it entirely. Dr. Byrd was compelled to amputate the arm. He says the fellow is not insane.

## CLARKE'S SANITY.

Important Testimony in the Laguna de la Tache Case.

FRESNO, Jan. 30.—[By the Associated Press.] In the case of Jeremiah Clarke, in which the wife of Jeremiah Clarke, now insane, sought to have set aside the contract given to Helibron et al. in May, 1890, to purchase the Laguna de la Tache grant, 54,000 acres, at \$3 per acre at any time before 1894, on the ground that Clark was insane when the contract was made. The defense today practically settled the case by producing 33 letters written by him at short intervals from February, 1879, to October, 1881. One letter was dated April 25, 1880, four days before the contract was made. All the letters show that Clarke was perfectly sane at the time. The grant is now said to be worth \$3,000,000.

## THE LEGISLATURE.

Senate.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 30.—[By the Associated Press.] The Senate met at 11 o'clock. The Committee on Attaches and Contingent Expenses recommended the appointment of additional clerks for the Judiciary and Corporation Committees, also appointed janitors and recommended the abolition of the office of assistant postmaster.

The following bills were introduced:

By Mr. Bowers: Providing for assessment of all real property in the name of the owner as shown by the assessment roll in the several counties; also a bill fixing the salary of the Governor's secretary at \$2600 a year.

By Mr. Goucher: Fixing the mode of appointment to fill vacancies in the irrigation districts and assessment of real property.

By Mr. White: To amend the Penal Code, abolishing fees of Supreme Court Clerk in appeals.

By Mr. Hinchaw: Increasing the salary of the Assessor of counties of the fifth class to \$4500 per year.

By Mr. Langford: Providing improvements at the Stockton asylum.

Bills passed as follows:

To amend the Penal Code by adding a clause requiring evidence of a female seduced to be corroborated.

To repeal the act to punish seduction.

To amend the Penal Code relating to inauguration of criminal prosecutions before a magistrate.

To amend the Civil Code relating to the question of fraudulent intent as affecting conveyances of realty and relating to transfers of property without consideration.

To amend the Civil Code by adding a new section relating to corporations.

The Senate finally passed the bill sending Messrs. Wells and Swift to Washington by a vote of 29 to 6.

Assembly.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 30.—In the Assembly this morning, Mr. Hyde of Alameda objected to placing the resolution approving the Oakland charter on the special file. He said it had been placed there without authority, and he moved it take its regular place on the general list.

The speaker pro tem ruled that the resolution was in its proper place, and Mr. Hyde appealed from the decision of the Chair.

The Chair was sustained by a vote of 64 to 13.

The Assembly's resolution providing

for the election of United States Senators by a direct vote of the people was next considered. The Committee on Federal Relations had presented two reports thereon, the majority against and minority favoring the passage of the resolution.

A long discussion ensued, and the minority report was sustained for the majority report by a vote of 55 to 23.

Before a vote was taken on the passage of the resolution a recess was taken.

When the Assembly reconvened, the resolution relative to the election of United States Senators was adopted.

Mr. Brien presented a petition from citizens of Los Angeles county protesting against the passage of the bill creating the county of Orange.

The Committee on Ways and Means reported against the passage of the bill appropriating \$250,000 for an exhibit in London of products of California.

The Assembly then passed a resolution approving the charter of the city of Oakland was adopted—yeas, 61; nays, 19.

The Assembly Bill to create the County of Glenn came up, and there was a long session of filibustering on the part of those opposed to the measure. Finally the bill was made the special order for tomorrow morning.

## A Fine Schooner.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—The new steam schooner Lockmeir, Capt. G. H. Harrison, made her trial trip this morning.

A speed of 10 knots an hour was reached. The vessel is the largest steam schooner that has been built on the Pacific Coast. Her carrying capacity is 1000 tons. G. S. Hinsdale, managing owner, says that she will go to Puget Sound on her first trip. She was built by Thomas Peterson at Port Madison, and her machinery was put in by a firm in this city.

## LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

Farm Economy.

VERDUGO, Jan. 28.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] Noting the frequent mention in THE TIMES of the lamentable fact that we are importing butter from Northern California, potatoes from Utah, and poultry and eggs from the frigid East, permit me to call attention to a few facts which are generally overlooked by writers who are not, nor have ever been, tillers of the soil in this section. In regard to butter, by many consumers the best butter obtainable here is popularly but erroneously supposed to come from San Luis Obispo. This butter was originally produced by merchants who import the northern butter, and in the course of time their most particular customers would call for it, and be content with nothing else. Meanwhile many farmers' wives and daughters in Los Angeles county are making butter equal to the best obtainable anywhere, the only thing that can truly be said against it being that, if made from milk furnished by alfalfa-fed cows, it is not quite so firm as the northern product, and will not keep so long in hot weather. This prejudice in favor of the imported article hurts considerably the sale of home-made butter. But that is not the worst feature in regard to the business. The farmer takes to a Los Angeles store a roll of butter, and the storekeeper weighs it from 45 to 50 cents, the city consumer buys the same roll at from 60 to 70 cents, a clear profit to the grocer of 20 cents a roll! A rather liberal commission, is it not? Surprise is expressed frequently at our importation from Utah and Northern California of potatoes, and the farmer is advised to plant more potatoes here! The trouble about the potato crop here is this: that during the potato season the article is a drug in the market; farmers frequently haul into Los Angeles during the latter part of summer loads of fine potatoes as were ever grown—and haul them home again for lack of a market! The proper thing to do then, of course, is to keep them three or four months, and potatoes are then abundant. But the pesky things won't keep. There are lots of "infallible" rules for keeping them, but the fact remains—they don't keep! But, says your theoretical agricultural editor, you can raise potatoes here all the year round. Here again, facts are against that theory. It is not impossible, in some favored localities, but there are very few sections in which potatoes will mature between November and April; if the frost does not cut them down in the fall, they are perfectly still and wait for warm weather. It is not wise to advise promiscuous planting of winter crops. The unsophisticated tenderfoot who does it is liable to reap disappointment only, and then reverse himself by annihilating the country. In a few favored localities much can be accomplished in this line. Let them be utilized judiciously, and if anybody has a real sure-enough recipe for keeping potatoes until they will bring \$2 a hundred, he has found the royal road to wealth. As to the poultry and eggs that come from the East by railroads, they will have to come as long as the people of Los Angeles prefer to eat sickly fowls that have gone through the starvation experience of a winter land trip, or to use eggs that were laid two or three weeks before last. For the last six weeks the Los Angeles market has been overstocked with poultry. There has been absolutely no sale for turkeys at least, although chickens are in great demand. Yet newcomers, inexperienced in the vagaries of fowls that persist in a refusal to lay eggs when they are worth more than 25 cents a dozen, or that are constantly getting "swelled heads," instead of remaining happy and healthy are being inveigled into the "chicken business," until they have filled the junk shops with second-hand incubators and cast off hen-coops—all because the most of these people are led to believe that the raising of chickens and the production of eggs is a sort of mechanical operation that needs only to be started and then left to run itself. There is money in chickens for the minority, but the majority manage it as a side issue and fail. Under present conditions it is extremely difficult for the fruit grower or small farmer to make a living out of the soil here. It is not the fault of the soil, of the climate or of the country. The trouble is chiefly owing to the difficulty he has in reaching a market, although that market may be near at hand. There is generally but one way by which the producer can get a fair price for his fruit, vegetables, butter, eggs and fowls, and that is by peddling them from house to house and selling them direct to the consumer. This is not in all cases practicable, and great waste and loss is the result. There is but one cannery in the city of Los Angeles, ridiculously inadequate in a section where so much fruit is grown. That cannery naturally dictates prices, and the result is not advantageous to the producer. Our wholesale merchants are liberal men when it comes to a question of general public interest. They are members of the Board of Trade and the Chamber of Commerce, but in their dealings with the producer it is stating the fact mildly to say that they are not liberal. Into the store of one of these merchants a neighbor of mine went a few days ago to sell some strawberry plants. He was offered \$1.50 per thousand for them. A party who bought plants there at the same time paid \$4 per thousand to the merchant!

## LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

Farm Economy.

VERDUGO, Jan. 28.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] Noting the frequent mention in THE TIMES of the lamentable fact that we are importing butter from Northern California, potatoes from Utah, and poultry and eggs from the frigid East, permit me to call attention to a few facts which are generally overlooked by writers who are not, nor have ever been, tillers of the soil in this section. In regard to butter, by many consumers the best butter obtainable here is popularly but erroneously supposed to come from San Luis Obispo. This butter was originally produced by merchants who import the northern butter, and in the course of time their most particular customers would call for it, and be content with nothing else. Meanwhile many farmers' wives and daughters in Los Angeles county are making butter equal to the best obtainable anywhere, the only thing that can truly be said against it being that, if made from milk furnished by alfalfa-fed cows, it is not quite so firm as the northern product, and will not keep so long in hot weather. This prejudice in favor of the imported article hurts considerably the sale of home-made butter. But that is not the worst feature in regard to the business. The farmer takes to a Los Angeles store a roll of butter, and the storekeeper weighs it from 45 to 50 cents, the city consumer buys the same roll at from 60 to 70 cents, a clear profit to the grocer of 20 cents a roll! A rather liberal commission, is it not? Surprise is expressed frequently at our importation from Utah and Northern California of potatoes, and the farmer is advised to plant more potatoes here! The trouble about the potato crop here is this: that during the potato season the article is a drug in the market; farmers frequently haul into Los Angeles during the latter part of summer loads of fine potatoes as were ever grown—and haul them home again for lack of a market! The proper thing to do then, of course, is to keep them three or four months, and potatoes are then abundant. But the pesky things won't keep. There are lots of "infallible" rules for keeping them, but the fact remains—they don't keep! But, says your theoretical agricultural editor, you can raise potatoes here all the year round. Here again, facts are against that theory. It is not impossible, in some favored localities, but there are very few sections in which potatoes will mature between November and April; if the frost does not cut them down in the fall, they are perfectly still and wait for warm weather. It is not wise to advise promiscuous planting of winter crops. The unsophisticated tenderfoot who does it is liable to reap disappointment only, and then reverse himself by annihilating the country. In a few favored localities much can be accomplished in this line. Let them be utilized judiciously, and if anybody has a real sure-enough recipe for keeping potatoes until they will bring \$2 a hundred, he has found the royal road to wealth. As to the poultry and eggs that come from the East by railroads, they will have to come as long as the people of Los Angeles prefer to eat sickly fowls that have gone through the starvation experience of a winter land trip, or to use eggs that were laid two or three weeks before last. For the last six weeks the Los Angeles market has been overstocked with poultry. There has been absolutely no sale for turkeys at least, although chickens are in great demand. Yet newcomers, inexperienced in the vagaries of fowls that persist in a refusal to lay eggs when they are worth more than 25 cents a dozen, or that are constantly getting "swelled heads," instead of remaining happy and healthy are being inveigled into the "chicken business," until they have filled the junk shops with second-hand incubators and cast off hen-coops—all because the most of these people are led to believe that the raising of chickens and the production of eggs is a sort of mechanical operation that needs only to be started and then left to run itself. There is money in chickens for the minority, but the majority manage it as a side issue and fail. Under present conditions it is extremely difficult for the fruit grower or small farmer to make a living out of the soil here. It is not the fault of the soil, of the climate or of the country. The trouble is chiefly owing to the difficulty he has in reaching a market, although that market may be near at hand. There is generally but one way by which the producer can get a fair price for his fruit, vegetables, butter, eggs and fowls, and that is by peddling them from house to house and selling them direct to the consumer. This is not in all cases practicable, and great waste and loss is the result. There is but one cannery in the city of Los Angeles, ridiculously inadequate in a section where so much fruit is grown. That cannery naturally dictates prices, and the result is not advantageous to the producer. Our wholesale merchants are liberal men when it comes to a question of general public interest. They are members of the Board of Trade and the Chamber of Commerce, but in their dealings with the producer it is stating the fact mildly to say that they are not liberal. Into the store of one of these merchants a neighbor of mine went a few days ago to sell some strawberry plants. He was offered \$1.50 per thousand for them. A party who bought plants there at the same time paid \$4 per thousand to the merchant!

## LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

Farm Economy.

VERDUGO, Jan. 28.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] Noting the frequent mention in THE TIMES of the lamentable fact that we are importing butter from Northern California, potatoes from Utah, and poultry and eggs from the frigid East, permit me to call attention to a few facts which are generally overlooked by writers who are not, nor have ever been, tillers of the soil in this section. In regard to butter, by many consumers the best butter obtainable here is popularly but erroneously supposed to come from San Luis Obispo. This butter was originally produced by merchants who import the northern butter, and in the course of time their most particular customers would call for it, and be content with nothing else. Meanwhile many farmers' wives and daughters in Los Angeles county are making butter equal to the best obtainable anywhere, the only thing that can truly be said against it being that, if made from milk furnished by alfalfa-fed cows, it is not quite so firm as the northern product, and will not keep so long in hot weather. This prejudice in favor of the imported article hurts considerably the sale of home-made butter. But that is not the worst feature in regard to the business. The farmer takes to a Los Angeles store a roll of butter, and the storekeeper weighs it from 45 to 50 cents, the city consumer buys the same roll at from 60 to 70 cents, a clear profit to the grocer of 20 cents a roll! A rather liberal commission, is it not? Surprise is expressed frequently at our importation from Utah and Northern California of potatoes, and the farmer is advised to plant more potatoes here! The trouble about the potato crop here is this: that during the potato season the article is a drug in the market; farmers frequently haul into Los Angeles during the latter part of summer loads of fine potatoes as were ever grown—and haul them home again for lack of a market! The proper thing to do then, of course, is to keep them three or four months, and potatoes are then abundant. But the pesky things won't keep. There are lots of "infallible" rules for keeping them, but the fact remains—they don't keep! But, says your theoretical agricultural editor, you can raise potatoes here all the year round. Here again, facts are against that theory. It is not impossible, in some favored localities, but there are very few sections in which potatoes will mature between November and April; if the frost does not cut them down in the fall, they are perfectly still and wait for warm weather. It is not wise to advise promiscuous planting of winter crops. The unsophisticated tenderfoot who does it is liable to reap disappointment only, and then reverse himself by annihilating the country. In a few favored localities much can be accomplished in this line. Let them be utilized judiciously, and if anybody has a real sure-enough recipe for keeping potatoes until they will bring \$2 a hundred, he has found the royal road to wealth. As to the poultry and eggs that come from the East by railroads, they will have to come as long as the people of Los Angeles prefer to eat sickly fowls that have gone through the starvation experience of a winter land trip, or to use eggs that were laid two or three weeks before last. For the last six weeks the Los Angeles market has been overstocked with poultry. There has been absolutely no sale for turkeys at least, although chickens are in great demand. Yet newcomers, inexperienced in the vagaries of fowls that persist in a refusal to lay eggs when they are worth more than 25 cents a dozen, or that are constantly getting "swelled heads," instead of remaining happy and healthy are being inveigled into the "chicken business," until they have filled the junk shops with second-hand incubators and cast off hen-coops—all because the most of these people are led to believe that the raising of chickens and the production of eggs is a sort of mechanical operation that needs only to be started and then left to run itself. There is money in chickens for the minority, but the majority manage it as a side issue and fail. Under present conditions it is extremely difficult for the fruit grower or small farmer to make a living out of the soil here. It is not the fault of the soil, of the climate or of the country. The trouble is chiefly owing to the difficulty he has in reaching a market, although that market may be near at hand. There is generally but one way by which the producer can get a fair price for his fruit, vegetables, butter, eggs and fowls, and that is by peddling them from house to house and selling them direct to the consumer. This is not in all cases practicable, and great waste and loss is the result. There is but one cannery in the city of Los Angeles, ridiculously inadequate in a section where so much fruit is grown. That cannery naturally dictates prices, and the result is not advantageous to the producer. Our wholesale merchants are liberal men when it comes to a question of general public interest. They are members of the Board of Trade and the Chamber of Commerce, but in their dealings with the producer it is stating the fact mildly to say that they are not liberal. Into the store of one of these merchants a neighbor of mine went a few days ago to sell some strawberry plants. He was offered \$1.50 per thousand for them. A party who bought plants there at the same time paid \$4 per thousand to the merchant!

## LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

Farm Economy.

VERDUGO, Jan. 28.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] Noting the frequent mention in THE TIMES of the lamentable fact that we are importing butter from Northern California, potatoes from Utah, and poultry and eggs from the frigid East, permit me to call attention to a few facts which are generally overlooked by writers who are not, nor have ever been, tillers of the soil in this section. In regard to butter, by many consumers the best butter obtainable here is popularly but erroneously supposed to come from San Luis Obispo. This butter was originally produced by merchants who import the northern butter, and in the course of time their most particular customers would call for it, and be content with nothing else. Meanwhile many farmers' wives and daughters in Los Angeles county are making butter equal to the best obtainable anywhere, the only thing that can truly be said against it being that, if made from milk furnished by alfalfa-fed cows, it is not quite so firm as the northern product, and will not keep so long in hot weather. This prejudice in favor of the imported article hurts considerably the sale of home-made butter. But that is not the worst feature in regard to the business. The farmer takes to a Los Angeles store a roll of butter, and the storekeeper weighs it from 45 to 50 cents, the city consumer buys the same roll at from 60 to 70 cents, a clear profit to the grocer of 20 cents a roll! A rather liberal commission, is it not? Surprise is expressed frequently at our importation from Utah and Northern California of potatoes, and the farmer is advised to plant more potatoes here! The trouble about the potato crop here is this: that during the potato season the article is a drug in the market; farmers frequently haul into Los Angeles during the latter part of summer loads of fine potatoes as were ever grown—and haul them home again for lack of a market! The proper thing to do then, of course, is to keep them three or four months, and potatoes are then abundant. But the pesky things won't keep. There are lots of "infallible" rules for keeping them, but the fact remains—they don't keep! But, says your theoretical agricultural editor, you can raise potatoes here all the year round. Here again, facts are against that theory. It is not impossible, in some favored localities, but there are very few sections in which potatoes will mature between November and April; if the frost does not cut them down in the fall, they are perfectly still and wait for warm weather. It is not wise to advise promiscuous planting of winter crops. The unsophisticated tenderfoot who does it is liable to reap disappointment only, and then reverse himself by annihilating the country. In a few favored localities much can be accomplished in this line. Let them be utilized judiciously, and if anybody has a real sure-enough recipe for keeping potatoes until they will bring \$2 a hundred, he has found the royal road to wealth. As to the poultry and eggs that come from the East by railroads, they will have to come as long as the people of Los Angeles prefer to eat sickly fowls that have gone through the starvation experience of a winter land trip, or to use eggs that were laid two or three weeks before last. For the last six weeks the Los Angeles market has been overstocked with poultry. There has been absolutely no sale for turkeys at least, although chickens are in great demand. Yet newcomers, inexperienced in the vagaries of fowls that persist in a refusal to lay eggs when they are worth more than 25 cents a dozen, or that are constantly getting "swelled heads," instead of remaining happy and healthy are being inveigled into the "chicken business," until they have filled the junk shops with second-hand incubators and cast off hen-coops—all because the most of these people are led to believe that the raising of chickens and the production of eggs is a sort of mechanical operation that needs only to be started and then left to run itself. There is money in chickens for the minority, but the majority manage it as a side issue and fail. Under present conditions it is extremely difficult for the fruit grower or small farmer to make a living out of the soil here. It is not the fault of the soil, of the climate or of the country. The trouble is chiefly owing to the difficulty he has in reaching a market, although that market may be near at hand. There is generally but one way by which the producer can get a fair price for his fruit, vegetables, butter, eggs and fowls, and that is by peddling them from house to house and selling them direct to the consumer. This is not in all cases practicable, and great waste and loss is the result. There is but one cannery in the city of Los Angeles, ridiculously inadequate in a section where so much fruit is grown. That cannery naturally dictates prices, and the result is not advantageous to the producer. Our wholesale merchants are liberal men when it comes to a question of general public interest. They are members of the Board of Trade and the Chamber of Commerce, but in their dealings with the producer it is stating the fact mildly to say that they are not liberal. Into the store of one of these merchants a neighbor of mine went a few days ago to sell some strawberry plants. He was offered \$1.50 per thousand for them. A party who bought plants there at the same time paid \$4 per thousand to the merchant!

## LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

Farm Economy.

VERDUGO, Jan. 28.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] Noting the frequent mention in THE TIMES of the lamentable fact that we are importing butter from Northern California, potatoes from Utah, and poultry and eggs from the frigid East, permit me to call attention to a few facts which are generally overlooked by writers who are not, nor have ever been, tillers of the soil in this section. In regard to butter, by many consumers the best butter obtainable here is popularly but erroneously supposed to come from San Luis Obispo. This butter was originally produced by merchants who import the northern butter, and in the course of time their most particular customers would call for it, and be content with nothing else. Meanwhile many farmers' wives and daughters in Los Angeles county are making butter equal to the best obtainable anywhere, the only thing that can truly be said against it being that, if made from milk furnished by alfalfa-fed cows, it is not quite so firm as the northern product, and will not keep so long in hot weather. This prejudice in favor of the imported article hurts considerably the sale of home-made butter. But that is not the worst feature in regard to the business. The farmer takes to a Los Angeles store a roll of butter, and the storekeeper weighs it from 45 to 50 cents, the city consumer buys the same roll at from 60 to 70 cents, a clear profit to the grocer of 20 cents a roll! A rather liberal commission, is it not? Surprise is expressed frequently at our importation from Utah and Northern California of potatoes, and the farmer is advised to plant more potatoes here! The trouble about the potato crop here is this: that during the potato season the article is a drug in the market; farmers frequently haul into Los Angeles during the latter part of summer loads of fine potatoes as were ever grown—and haul them home again for lack of a market! The proper thing to do then, of course, is to keep them three or four months, and potatoes are then abundant. But the pesky things won't keep. There are lots of "infallible" rules for keeping them, but the fact remains—they don't keep! But, says your theoretical agricultural editor, you can raise potatoes here all the year round. Here again, facts are against that theory. It is not impossible, in some favored localities, but there are very few sections in which potatoes will mature between November and April; if the frost does not cut them down in the fall, they are perfectly still and wait for warm weather. It is not wise to advise promiscuous planting of winter crops. The unsophisticated tenderfoot who does it is liable to reap disappointment only, and then reverse himself by annihilating the country. In a few favored localities much can be accomplished in this line. Let them be utilized judiciously, and if anybody has a real sure-enough recipe for keeping potatoes until they will bring \$2 a hundred, he has found the royal road to wealth. As to the poultry and eggs that come from the East by railroads, they will have to come as long as the people of Los Angeles prefer to eat sickly fowls that have gone through the starvation experience of a winter land trip, or to use eggs that were laid two or three weeks before last. For the last six weeks the Los Angeles market has been overstocked with poultry. There has been absolutely no sale for turkeys at least, although chickens are in great demand. Yet newcomers, inexperienced in the vagaries of fowls that persist in a refusal to lay eggs when they are worth more than 25 cents a dozen, or that are constantly getting "swelled heads," instead of remaining happy and healthy are being inveigled into the "chicken business," until they have filled the junk shops with second-hand incubators and cast off hen-coops—all because the most of these people are led to believe that the raising of chickens and the production of eggs is a sort of mechanical operation that needs only to be started and then left to run itself. There is money in chickens for the minority, but the majority manage it as a side issue and fail. Under present conditions it is extremely difficult for the fruit grower or small farmer to make a living out of the soil here. It is not the fault of the soil, of the climate or of the country. The trouble is chiefly owing to the difficulty he has in reaching a market, although that market may be near at hand. There is generally but one way by which the producer can get a fair price for his fruit, vegetables, butter, eggs and fowls, and that is by peddling them from house to house and selling them direct to the consumer. This is not in all cases practicable, and great waste and loss is the result. There is but one cannery in the city of Los Angeles, ridiculously inadequate in a section where so much fruit is grown. That cannery naturally dictates prices, and the result is not advantageous to the producer. Our wholesale merchants are liberal men when it comes to a question of general public interest. They are members of the Board of Trade and the Chamber of Commerce, but in their dealings with the producer it is stating the fact mildly to say that they are not liberal. Into the store of one of these merchants a neighbor of mine went a few days ago to sell some strawberry plants. He was offered \$1.50 per thousand for them. A party who bought plants there at the same time paid \$4 per thousand to the merchant!

## LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

Farm Economy.

VERDUGO, Jan. 28.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] Noting the frequent mention in THE TIMES of the lamentable fact that we are importing butter from Northern California, potatoes from Utah, and poultry and eggs from the frigid East, permit me to call attention to a few facts which are generally overlooked by writers who are not, nor have ever been, tillers of the soil in this section. In regard to butter, by many consumers the best butter obtainable here is popularly but erroneously supposed to come from San Luis Obispo. This butter was originally produced by merchants who import the northern butter, and in the course of time their most particular customers would call for it, and be content with nothing else. Meanwhile many farmers' wives and daughters in Los Angeles county are making butter equal to the best obtainable anywhere, the only thing that can truly be said against it being that, if made from milk furnished by alfalfa-fed cows, it is not quite so firm as the northern product, and will not keep so long in hot weather. This prejudice in favor of the imported article hurts considerably the sale of home-made butter. But that is not the worst feature in regard to the business. The farmer takes to a Los Angeles store a roll of butter, and the storekeeper weighs it from 45 to 50 cents, the city consumer buys the same roll at from 60 to 70 cents, a clear profit to the grocer of 20 cents a roll! A rather liberal commission, is it not? Surprise is expressed frequently at our importation from Utah and Northern California of potatoes, and the farmer is advised to plant more potatoes here! The trouble about the potato crop here is this: that during the potato season the article is a drug in the market; farmers frequently haul into Los Angeles during the latter part of summer loads of fine potatoes as were ever grown—and haul them home again for lack of a market! The proper thing to do then, of course, is to keep them three or four months, and potatoes are then abundant. But the pesky things won't keep. There are lots of "infallible" rules for keeping them, but the fact remains—they don't keep! But, says your theoretical agricultural editor, you can raise potatoes here all the year round. Here again, facts are against that theory. It is not impossible, in some favored localities, but there are very few sections in which potatoes will mature between November and April; if the frost does not cut them down in the fall, they are perfectly still and wait for warm weather. It is not wise to advise promiscuous planting of winter crops. The unsophisticated tenderfoot who does it is liable to reap disappointment only, and then reverse himself by annihilating the country. In a few favored localities much can be accomplished in this line. Let them be utilized judiciously, and if anybody has a real sure-enough recipe for keeping potatoes until they will bring \$2 a hundred, he has found the royal road to wealth. As to the poultry and eggs that come from the East by railroads, they will have to come as long as the people of Los Angeles prefer to eat sickly fowls that have gone through the starvation experience of a winter land trip, or to use eggs that were laid two or three weeks before last. For the last six weeks the Los Angeles market has been overstocked with poultry. There has been absolutely no sale for turkeys at least, although chickens are in great demand. Yet newcomers, inexperienced in the vagaries of fowls that persist in a refusal to lay eggs when they are worth more than 25 cents a dozen, or that are constantly getting "swelled heads," instead of remaining happy and healthy are being inveigled into the "chicken business," until they have filled the junk shops with second-hand incubators and cast off hen-coops—all because the most of these people are led to believe that the raising of chickens and the production of eggs is a sort of mechanical operation that needs only to be started and then left to run itself. There is money in chickens for the minority, but the majority manage it as a side issue and fail. Under present conditions it is extremely difficult for the fruit grower or small farmer to make a living out of the soil here. It is not the fault of the soil, of the climate or of the country. The trouble is chiefly owing to the difficulty he has in reaching a market, although that market may be near at hand. There is generally but one way by which the producer can get a fair price for his fruit, vegetables, butter, eggs and fowls, and that is by peddling them from house to house and selling them direct to the consumer. This is not in all cases practicable, and great waste and loss is the result. There is but one cannery in the city of Los Angeles, ridiculously inadequate in a section where so much fruit is grown. That cannery naturally dictates prices, and the result is not advantageous to the producer. Our wholesale merchants are liberal men when it comes to a question of general public interest. They are members of the Board of Trade and the Chamber of Commerce, but in their dealings with the producer it is stating the fact mildly to say that they are not liberal. Into the store of one of these merchants a neighbor of mine went a few days ago to sell some strawberry plants. He was offered \$1.50 per thousand for them. A party who bought plants there at the same time paid \$4 per thousand to the merchant!

## LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

Farm Economy.

VERDUGO, Jan. 28.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] Noting the frequent mention in THE TIMES of the lamentable fact that we are importing butter from Northern California, potatoes from Utah, and poultry and eggs from the frigid East, permit me to call attention to a few facts which are generally overlooked by writers who are not, nor have ever been, tillers of the soil in this section. In regard to butter, by many consumers the best butter obtainable here is popularly but erroneously supposed to come from San Luis Obispo. This butter was originally produced by merchants who import the northern butter, and in the course of time their most particular customers would call for it, and be content with nothing else. Meanwhile many farmers' wives and daughters in Los Angeles county are making butter equal to the best obtainable anywhere, the only thing that can truly be said against it being that, if made from milk furnished by alfalfa-fed cows, it is not quite so firm as the northern product, and will not keep so long in hot weather. This prejudice in favor of the imported article hurts considerably the sale of home-made butter. But that is not the worst feature in regard to the business. The farmer takes to a Los Angeles store a roll of butter, and the storekeeper weighs it from 45 to 50 cents, the city consumer buys the same roll at from 60 to 70 cents, a clear profit to the grocer of 20 cents a roll! A rather liberal commission, is it not? Surprise is expressed frequently at our importation from Utah and Northern California of potatoes, and the farmer is advised to plant more potatoes here! The trouble about the potato crop here is this: that during the potato season the article is a drug in the market; farmers frequently haul into Los Angeles during the latter part of summer loads of fine potatoes as were ever grown—and haul them home again for lack of a market! The proper thing to do then, of course, is to keep them three or four months, and potatoes are then abundant. But the pesky things won't keep. There are lots of "infallible" rules for keeping them, but the fact remains—they don't keep! But, says your theoretical agricultural editor, you can raise potatoes here all the year round. Here again, facts are against that theory. It is not impossible, in some favored localities, but there are very few sections in which potatoes will mature between November and April; if the frost does not cut them down in the fall, they are perfectly still and wait for warm weather. It is not wise to advise promiscuous planting of winter crops. The unsophisticated tenderfoot who does it is liable to reap disappointment only, and then reverse himself by annihilating the country. In a few favored localities much can be accomplished in this line. Let them be utilized judiciously, and if anybody has a real sure-enough recipe for keeping potatoes until they will bring \$2 a hundred, he has found the royal road to wealth. As to the poultry and eggs that come from the East by railroads, they will have to come as long as the people of Los Angeles prefer to eat sickly fowls that have gone through the starvation experience of a winter land trip, or to use eggs that were laid two or three weeks before last. For the last six weeks the Los Angeles market has been overstocked with poultry. There has been absolutely no sale for turkeys at least, although chickens are in great demand. Yet newcomers, inexperienced in the vagaries of fowls that persist in a refusal to lay eggs when they are worth more than 25 cents a dozen, or that are constantly getting "swelled heads," instead of remaining happy and healthy are being inveigled into the "chicken business," until they have filled the junk shops with second-hand incubators and cast off hen-coops—all because the most of these people are led to believe that the raising of chickens and the production of eggs is a sort of mechanical operation that needs only to be started and then left to run itself. There is money in chickens for the minority, but the majority manage it as a side issue and fail. Under present conditions it is extremely difficult for the fruit grower or small farmer to make a living out of the soil here. It is not the fault of the soil, of the climate or of the country. The trouble is chiefly owing to the difficulty he has in reaching a market, although that market may be near at hand. There is generally but one way by which the producer can get a fair price for his fruit, vegetables, butter, eggs and fowls, and that is by peddling them from house to house and selling them direct to the consumer. This is not in all cases practicable, and great waste and loss is







premium Sewing Machine

Premium Sewing Machine.

# HAS THIS AN EQUAL?

## A High-grade Sewing Machine

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

---

THE "MIRROR" PREMIUM  
High-Arm

# SEWING MACHINE

Half Cabinet, Five Drawer, \$60 Machine,

—FOR—

\$35.50 : \$35.50

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year

---

A detailed black and white illustration of a vintage sewing machine. The machine is mounted on a wooden cabinet with a large, arched top. The sewing machine itself features a large hand-crank wheel on the right side and a complex mechanism for stitching. The illustration is positioned at the bottom of the advertisement, below the text 'With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year'.

\$25.50    =    \$25.50

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year

---

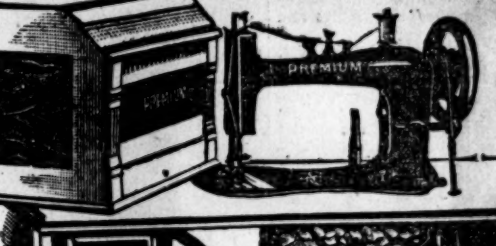


A detailed black and white illustration of a vintage Singer sewing machine. The machine is a treadle model with a large hand-crank wheel on the right side. The word 'SINGER' is visible on the side of the machine's body. To the left of the machine is a wooden cabinet or case with a decorative top and a large rectangular opening on the front. The entire setup is placed on a wooden surface, possibly a table.

\$25.50    =    =    \$25.50

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year

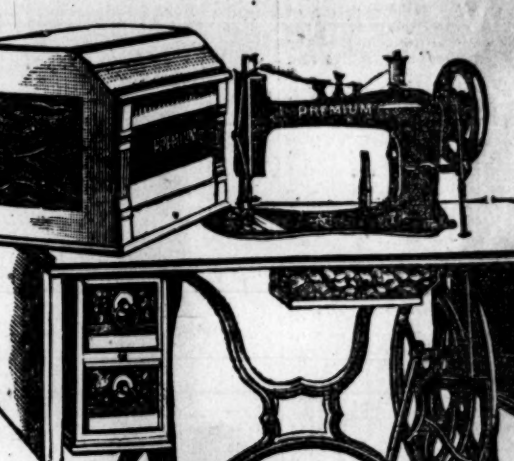
---



\$25.50     =     \$25.50

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year

---

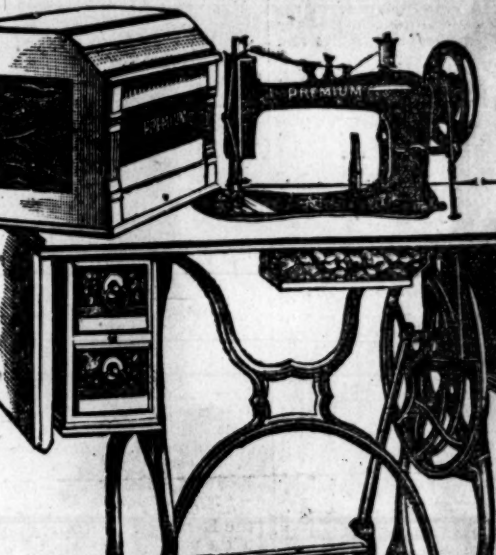


A detailed black and white illustration of a vintage Singer sewing machine. The machine is mounted on a decorative cast-iron stand with a large flywheel on the right side. A box, likely the original packaging, is shown to the left of the machine, featuring the Singer logo. The machine itself has 'SINGER' and 'PREMIUM' inscribed on its side. The entire setup is presented on a table-like surface.

\$25.50      =      \$25.50

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year

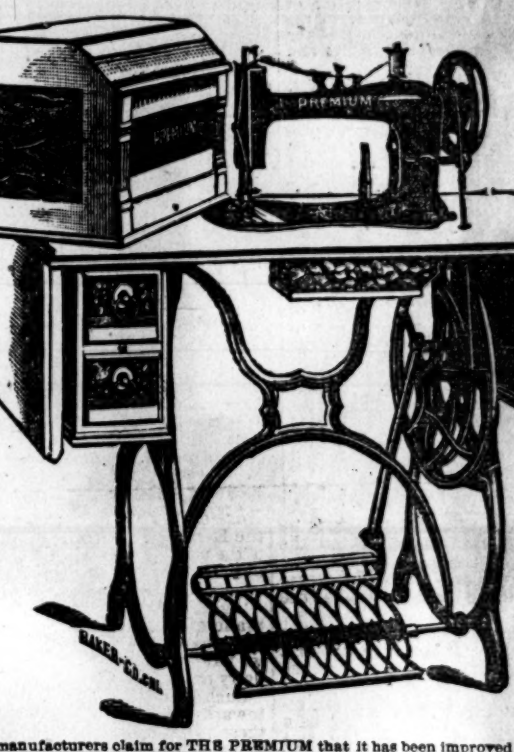
---



The manufacturers claim for THE PREMIUM that it has been improved and simplified in all its details by the best mechanical talent in America, and with unlimited room

\$25.50 == \$25.50

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year



The illustration shows a vintage treadle sewing machine. It features a wooden cabinet with a hinged lid on the left side. The machine is mounted on a heavy, ornate cast-iron stand with a large flywheel on the right side and a treadle mechanism at the bottom. The brand name 'THE PREMIUM' is visible on the side of the machine head. The entire unit is shown from a three-quarter perspective.

The manufacturers claim for THE PREMIUM that it has been improved and simplified in all its details by the best mechanical talent in America, who, with unlimited resources at their command, have combined only that which is practicable and dispensed with all the unneeded surroundings generally found in other machines.

It is the simplest machine, having the fewest parts, all strong, and with case-hbearings. Being free from complication it is easily cared for, never gets out of order and is always ready for use. The most inexperienced can readily manage it. It has all the appliances and conveniences that go to make up the sum of excellences, successfully combining simplicity, durability, speed, strength and beauty, producing a machine unequalled for management and capacity for wide range of work.

THE PREMIUM

\$25.50      \$25.50

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year



The manufacturers claim for THE PREMIUM that it has been improved and strong in all its details by the best mechanical talent in America, who, with unlimited resources at their command, have combined only that which is practicable and dispensed with all unnecessary surroundings generally found in other machines.

It is the simplest machine, having the fewest parts, all strong, and with case-hoisting, being free from complication it is easily cared for, never gets out of order, and is always ready for use. The most inexperienced can readily manage it. It has all the appliances and conveniences that go to make up the sum of excellence, successfully combining simplicity, durability, speed, strength and beauty, producing a machine unequalled for management and capacity for wide range of work.

**THE PREMIUM HIGH-ARM**

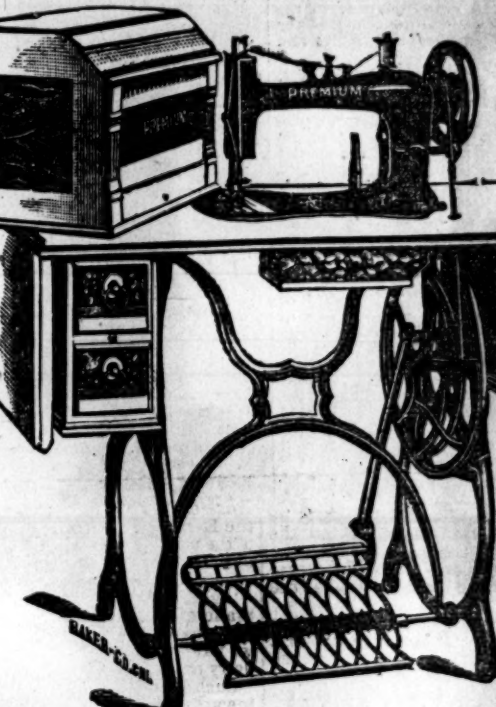
Light-running and noiseless, uses a STRAIGHT, SELF-SETTING NEEDLE, and the double-thread "Lock Stitch." It is the perfection of mechanism for hemming, binding, cording, braiding, sewing, tucking, ruffling, gathering, embroidery, buttoning, quilting, etc.

It is adapted to every variety of sewing, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest and most carefully selected material. Its elegant finish and rich trimmings are in accord with the work it does.

The woodwork is unique and attractive in style and substantially made from well selected material.

\$25.50 == \$25.50

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year



The manufacturers claim for THE PREMIUM that it has been improved and simplified in all its details by the best mechanical talent in America, who, with unlimited resources at their command, have combined only that which is practicable and dispensed with all needless surroundings generally found in other machines.

It is the simplest machine, having the fewest parts, all strong, and with case-hemming, binding, cording, braiding, sewing, tucking, ruffling, gathering, unbrodering, hemming, quilting, etc.

Being free from complication it is easily carried for, never gets out of order, and always ready for use. The most inexperienced can readily manage it. It has all the appliances and conveniences that go to make up the sum of experiences, successfully producing simplicity, durability, speed, strength and beauty, producing a machine unequalled for management and capacity for wide range of work.

## THE PREMIUM HIGH-ARM

Light-running and noiseless, uses A STRAIGHT, SELF-SETTING NEEDLE, and the double-thread "Lock Stitch." It is the perfection of mechanism for hemming, binding, cording, braiding, sewing, tucking, ruffling, gathering, unbrodering, hemming, quilting, etc.

It is adapted to every variety of sewing, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest materials and will do a greater range of work than any other machine.

The woodwork is unique and attractive in style and substantially made from well selected and carefully selected material. Its elegant finish and rich trimmings are in good taste and harmonize with the excellent workmanship of the machine.

Far more handsome and ornamental than the ordinary style of woodwork, it makes time of equal durability, utility and good finish.

**WARRANTEE**—The usual five-year warranty is given to us by the manufacturer, and we in turn guarantee every machine to give full and entire satisfaction.

## NO RISK WHATEVER.

\$25.50 == \$25.00

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year



The manufacturers claim for THE PREMIUM that it has been improved and strengthened in all its details by the best mechanical talent in America, who, with unlimited resources at their command, have combined only that which is practicable and dispensed with all unnecessary and complicated surroundings generally found in other machines.

It is the simplest machine, having the fewest parts, all strong, and with case-hardened bearings. Being free from complication it is easily cared for, never gets out of order, and is ready for use. The most inexperienced can readily manage it. It has all the appliances and conveniences that go to make up the sum of excellence, successfully combining simplicity, durability, speed, strength and beauty, producing a machine unequalled for ease of management and capacity for wide range of work.

## THE PREMIUM HIGH-ARM

Light-running and noiseless, uses A STRAIGHT, SELF-SETTING NEEDLE, and the double-thread "Lock Stitch." It is the perfection of mechanism for hemming, binding, cording, braiding, seaming, tucking, ruffling, gathering, embroidering, bagging, quilting, etc.

It is adapted to every variety of sewing, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest and will do a greater range of work than any other machine.

The woodwork is unique and attractive in style and substantially made from well and carefully selected material. Its elegant finish and rich trimmings are in good taste and harmonize with the excellent workmanship of the machine.

Far more handsome and ornamental than the ordinary style of woodwork, it saves time of equal durability, utility and good finish.

**WARRANTEE**—The usual five-year warranty is given to us by the manufacturer and we in turn guarantee every machine to give full and entire satisfaction.

### NO RISK WHATEVER.

So great is our confidence and knowledge of the superiority of the PREMIUM HIGH-ARM that we further agree with every purchaser to REFUND THE MONEY in satisfaction is not given by the machine in every particular after a month's trial.

Tailors, Dressmakers, Seamstresses, manufacturers of clothing, shirts, skirts, umbrellas, etc., will find one of its best recommendations is its special adaptation and range of work.

## The Automatic Tension,

\$25.50 == \$25.50

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year

The manufacturers claim for THE PREMIUM that it has been improved and simplified in all its details by the best mechanical talent in America, who, with unlimited resources at their command, have combined only that which is practicable and dispensed with all needless surroundings generally found in other machines.

It is the simplest machine, having the fewest parts, all strong, and with case-housings. Being free from complication it is easily cared for, never gets out of order, and is always ready for use. The most inexperienced can readily manage it. It has all the appliances and conveniences that go to make up the sum of excellences, successfully combining simplicity, durability, speed, strength and beauty, producing a machine unequalled for management and capacity for wide range of work.

## THE PREMIUM HIGH-ARM

light-running and noiseless, uses A STRAIGHT, SELF-SETTING NEEDLE, and the double-thread "Lock Stitch." It is the perfection of mechanism for hemming, binding, cording, braiding, seaming, tucking, ruffling, gathering, embroidering, buttoning, quilting, etc.

It is adapted to every variety of sewing, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest woollens and will do a greater range of work than any other machine.

The work is unique and attractive in style and substantially made from well-selected and carefully selected material. Its elegant finish and rich trimmings are in good taste and harmonize with the excellent workmanship of the machine.

Far more handsome and ornamental than the ordinary style of woodwork, it is a masterpiece of equal durability, utility and good finish.

**WARRANTEE**—The usual five-year warranty is given to us by the manufacturer, and we in turn guarantee every machine to give full and entire satisfaction.

## NO RISK WHATEVER.

So great is our confidence and knowledge of the superiority of the PREMIUM HIGH-ARM that we further agree with every purchaser to REFUND THE MONEY in full if satisfaction is not given by the machine in every particular after a month's trial.

Tailors, Dressmakers, Seamstresses, manufacturers of clothing, shirts, skirts, umbrellas, etc., will find one of its best recommendations is its special adaptation to their wants and range of work.

## The Automatic Tension,

When once properly regulated, will rarely need to be changed, and as a general whole range of family sewing can be done without any change of tension whatever, spring is obtained by nicely adjusted springs, that will accommodate themselves to all thread used.

## OUR CLAIMS FOR SUPERIORITY

\$25.50 == \$25.50

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year



The manufacturers claim for **THE PREMIUM** that it has been improved and strengthened in all its details by the best mechanical talent in America, who, with unlimited resources at their command, have combined only that which is practicable and dispensed with all that is superfluous. It is the simplest machine, having the fewest parts, all strong, and with case-hardened bearings. Being free from complication it is easily cared for, never gets out of order, and is always ready for use. The most inexperienced can readily manage it. It has all the advantages, appliances and conveniences that go to make up the sum of excellences, successfully combining simplicity, durability, speed, strength and beauty, producing a machine unequalled for economy of management and capacity for wide range of work.

**THE PREMIUM HIGH-ARM**

It is light-running and noiseless, uses A STRAIGHT, SELF-SETTING NEEDLE, and the double-thread "Lock Stitch." It is the perfection of mechanism for hemming, binding, cording, braiding, seaming, tucking, ruffling, gathering, embroidering, hosiery, quilting, etc.

It is adapted to every variety of sewing, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest and will do a greater range of work than any other machine.

The woodwork is unique and attractive in style and substantially made from well selected and carefully selected material. Its elegant finish and rich trimmings are in good harmony with the excellent workmanship of the machine.

For more handsome and ornamental than the ordinary style of woodwork, it is a masterpiece of equal durability, utility and good finish.

**WARRANTED**—The usual five-year warranty is given to us by the manufacturer. We in turn guarantee every machine to give full and entire satisfaction.

**NO RISK WHATEVER.**

So great is our confidence and knowledge of the superiority of the **PREMIUM** that we further agree with every purchaser to **REFUND THE MONEY** in any case in which satisfaction is not given by the machine in every particular after a month's trial.

Tailors, Dressmakers, Seamstresses, manufacturers of clothing, shirts, skirts, umbrellas, etc., will find one of its best recommendations is its special adaptation to their wants and range of work.

**The Automatic Tension,**

When once properly regulated, will rarely need to be changed, and as a general whole range of family sewing can be done without any change of tension whatever. The result is obtained by nicely adjusted springs, that will accommodate themselves to the thread used.

**OUR CLAIMS FOR SUPERIORITY**

**ARE AS FOLLOWS:**

**A Device** whereby the bobbin can be wound without running the machine unnecessarily wear of the machine and the trouble of unthreading and changing work and attachments while the bobbin is being filled.

**A Scale for Regulating** The length of stitch, which enables the operator to regulate the length of the stitch to suit the fabric.

\$25.50 = \$25.50

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year



The manufacturers claim for THE PREMIUM that it has been improved and strengthened in all its details by the best mechanical talent in America, who, with unlimited resources at their command, have combined only that which is practicable and dispensed with all the superfluous and unneeded surroundings generally found in other machines.

It is the simplest machine, having the fewest parts, all strong, and with case-holding boards. Being free from complication it is easily cared for, never gets out of order, and is always ready for use. The most inexperienced can readily manage it. It has all the appliances and conveniences that go to make up the sum of exquisites, successfully combining simplicity, durability, speed, strength and beauty, producing a machine unequalled for management and capacity for wide range of work.

## THE PREMIUM HIGH-ARM

Light-running and noiseless, uses A STRAIGHT, SELF-SETTING NEEDLE, and the double-thread "Lock Stitch." It is the perfection of mechanism for hemming, binding, cording, braiding, sewing tucking, ruffling, gathering, embroidering, bagging, quilting, etc.

It is adapted to every variety of sewing, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest and will do a greater range of work than any other machine.

The workwork is unique and attractive in style and substantially made from well and carefully selected material. Its elegant finish and rich trimmings are in good taste and harmonize with the excellent workmanship of the machine.

Far more handsome and ornamental than the ordinary style of woodwork, it makes time of equal durability, utility and good finish.

**WARRANTY**—The usual five-year warranty is given and entire satisfaction by the manufacturer in turn guarantee every machine to give full and entire satisfaction.

## NO RISK WHATEVER.

As great is our confidence and knowledge of the superiority of the PREMIUM HIGH-ARM that we further agree with every purchaser to REFUND THE MONEY in case of action is not given by the machine in every particular after a month's trial. Tailors, Dressmakers, Seamstresses, manufacturers of clothing, shirts, skirts, umbrellas, etc., will find one of its best recommendations is its special adaptation to the wants and range of work.

## The Automatic Tension,

When once properly regulated, will rarely need to be changed, and as a general whole range of finely sewing can be done without any change of tension whatever. The result is obtained by nicely adjusted springs, that will accommodate themselves to the thread used.

## OUR CLAIMS FOR SUPERIORITY

ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- A Device** Whereby the bobbin can be wound without running the machine and unnecessary wear of the machine and the trouble of unthreading and changing gear and attachments while the bobbin is being filled.
- A Scale for Regulating** The length of stitch, which enables the operator readily ascertain the length of stitch without previous to commencing work.
- A Spring-Tension Cylinder Shuttle**, Holding a bobbin that can be put on but one hole to thread through, making it the most easily threaded shuttle in use. The tension may be changed without removing the shuttle from the machine.
- The Double Feed** Extends on both sides of the needle and permits a greater range of work than any other. It has great power and never performs its duty—will feed the lightest and heaviest goods with equal precision, cross seams and hard pieces without changing length of stitch or missing stitches.
- The Drawing** On account of the simple mechanical device, which

\$25.50 == \$25.50

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year



The manufacturers claim for THE PREMIUM that it has been improved and still all its details by the best mechanical talent in America, who, with unlimited resources at their command, have combined only that which is practicable and dispensed with all needless surroundings generally found in other machines.

It is the simplest machine, having the fewest parts, all strong, and with ease-of-bearing. Being free from complication it is easily cared for, never gets out of order, and is always ready for use. The most inexperienced can readily manage it. It has all the appliances and conveniences that go to make up the sum of excellences, successfully combining simplicity, durability, speed, strength and beauty, producing a machine unequalled for management and capacity for wide range of work.

## THE PREMIUM HIGH-ARM

Light-running and noiseless, uses A STRAIGHT, SELF-SETTING NEEDLE, and the double-thread "Lock Stitch." It is the perfection of mechanism for hemming, binding, cording, braiding, seaming, tucking, ruffling, gathering, embroidering, buttoning, quilting, etc.

It is adapted to every variety of sewing, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest wools and will do a greater range of work than any other machine.

The woodwork is unique and attractive in style and substantially made from well-selected and carefully selected material. Its elegant finish and rich trimmings are in good taste and harmonize with the excellent workmanship of the machine.

Far more handsome and ornamental than the ordinary style of woodwork, it is a masterpiece of equal durability, utility and good finish.

**WARRANTY**—The usual five-year warranty is given to us by the manufacturer. We in turn guarantee every machine to give full and entire satisfaction.

## NO RISK WHATEVER.

So great is our confidence and knowledge of the superiority of the PREMIUM HIGH-ARM that we further agree with every purchaser to REFUND THE MONEY in satisfaction is not given by the machine in every particular after a month's trial.

Tailors, Dressmakers, Seamstresses, manufacturers of clothing, shirts, skirts, umbrellas, etc., will find one of its best recommendations is its special adaptation to their work and range of work.

## The Automatic Tension,

When once properly regulated, will rarely need to be changed, and as a general rule range of family sewing can be done without any change of tension whatever. Such is obtained by nicely adjusted springs, that will accommodate themselves to the thread used.

## OUR CLAIMS FOR SUPERIORITY

ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- A Device** Whereby the bobbin can be wound without running the machine. A necessary necessity of the machine and the trouble of unthreading and changing work and attachments while the bobbin is being filed.
- A Scale for Regulating** The length of stitch, which enables the operator to command work. The length of stitch, which enables the operator to command work.
- A Spring-Tension Cylinder Shuttle,** Holding a bobbin that can be changed without removing the shuttle from the machine. Holding a bobbin that can be changed without removing the shuttle from the machine.
- The Double Feed** Extends on both sides of the needle and permits a greater range of work than any other. It has great power and never performs its duty—it will feed the lightest and heaviest goods with equal precision and cross seams and hard places without changing length of stitch or misaligning stitches.
- Light Running.** On account of the simple mechanical devices employed in its construction, runs lighter and with greater speed than any other machine. It is the simplest, EASIEST OPERATED, best made, most elegantly ornamented machine in the world, combining every requisite to produce work.

Inviting a practical test of this machine, we distinctly claim for it a great superior in material, workmanship, and in its performance. It is unquestionably the most valuable machine now in the market.

## — THE OUTFIT. —

\$25.50 = \$25.50

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year

The manufacturers claim for THE PREMIUM that it has been improved and strengthened in all its details by the best mechanical talent in America, who, with unlimited resources at their command, have combined only that which is practicable and dispensed with all the unnecessary surroundings generally found in other machines.

It is the simplest machine, having the fewest parts, all strong, and with case-hardened bearings. Being free from complication it is easily cared for, never gets out of order, always ready for use. The most inexperienced can readily manage it. It has all the appliances and conveniences that go to make up the sum of an excellent, successful, and simple, durability, speed, strength and beauty, producing a machine unequalled for management and capacity for wide range of work.

## THE PREMIUM HIGH-ARM

It is light-running and noiseless, uses A STRAIGHT, SELF-SETTING NEEDLE, and the double-thread "Lock Stitch." It is the perfection of mechanism for hemming, binding, cording, braiding, seaming, tucking, ruffling, gathering, embroidering, hosiery, quilting, etc.

It is adapted to every variety of sewing, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest and will do a greater range of work than any other machine.

The woodwork is unique and attractive in style and substantially made from well and carefully selected material. Its elegant finish and rich trimmings are in good harmony with the excellent workmanship of the machine.

For more handsome and ornamental than the ordinary style of woodwork, it has a lifetime time of equal durability, utility and good finish.

**WARRANTED**—The usual five-year warranty is given to us by the manufacturer, and we in turn guarantee every machine to give full and entire satisfaction.

## NO RISK WHATEVER.

So great is our confidence and knowledge of the superiority of the PREMIUM, that we further agree with every purchaser to REFUND THE MONEY in full if satisfaction is not given by the machine in any particular after a month's trial. In the case of Tailors, Dressmakers, Seamstresses, manufacturers of clothing, shirts, skirts, umbrellas, etc., will find one of its best recommendations is its special adaptation to the wants and range of work.

## The Automatic Tension,

When once properly regulated, will rarely need to be changed, and as a general rule, the whole range of family sewing can be done without any change of tension whatever. The tension is obtained by nicely adjusted springs, that will accommodate themselves to the thread used.

## OUR CLAIMS FOR SUPERIORITY

ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- A Device** Whereby the bobbin can be wound without running the machine, thus obviating unnecessary wear of the machine and the trouble of unthreading and rethreading.
- A Scale for Regulating** The length of stitch, which enables the operator to readily ascertain the length of stitch without previous to commencing work.
- A Spring-Tension Cylinder Shuttle,** Holding a bobbin that can be changed in a large amount of thread, but one hole to thread through, making it the most easily threaded shuttle in tension may be changed without removing the shuttle from the machine.
- The Double Feed** Extends on both sides of the needle and permits a greater range of work than any other. It has great power and never wears in duty—will feed the lightest and heaviest goods with equal precision, cross seams and hard places without changing length of stitch or misaligning stitches.
- Light Running.** On account of the simple mechanical devices employed in its construction, runs lighter and with greater speed than any other sewing machine.

Inviting a practical test of this machine, we distinctly claim for it a great superior plan, material, workmanship, and in its performance. It is unquestionably the most valuable machine now in the market.

## —THE OUTFIT.

Each machine is supplied with the following outfit: One Hemmer and Feller or Twelve Needles, Six Bobbins, One Wrench, One Quilt Gauge, One Sewing Gauge, One Cloth Gauge and Thumbscrew, and a Book of Instructions. The extra attachments are also furnished free: Kuffler, Tuckor, Minder, Set of Wide Hemmer, and Shirting Plate.

The book of instructions is profusely illustrated, and answers the purpose of a cost teacher.

Machines are shipped at fast freight, unless otherwise ordered; we paying freight Los Angeles, and purchaser paying from Los Angeles to his home.

**SEWING MACHINE AGENTS** Sell this machine for \$25 and \$25.50. BUY one from the

\$25.50 = \$25.50

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year

The manufacturers claim for THE PREMIUM that it has been improved and simplified in all its details by the best mechanical talent in America, who, with unlimited resources, their command, have combined only that which is practicable and dispensed with all the unnecessary surroundings generally found in other machines.

It is the simplest machine, having the fewest parts, all strong, and with cast-iron bearings. Being free from complication it is easily carried for, never gets out of order and always ready for use. The most inexperienced can readily manage it. It has all the appliances and conveniences that go to make up the sum of exquisites, successfully combining simplicity, durability, speed, strength and beauty, producing a machine unequalled for ease of management and capacity for wide range of work.

## THE PREMIUM HIGH-ARM

Light-running and noiseless, uses A STRAIGHT, SELF-SETTING NEEDLE, and the double-thread "Lock Stitch." It is the perfection of mechanism for hemming, binding, cording, braiding, sewing, tucking, ruffling, gathering, underbinding, buttoning, quilting, etc.

It is adapted to every variety of sewing, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest and will do a greater range of work than any other machine.

The woodwork is unique and attractive in style and substantially made from well selected and carefully selected material. Its elegant finish and rich trimmings are in good harmony with the excellent workmanship of the machine.

Far more handsome and ornamental than the ordinary style of woodwork, it is a real time of equal durability, utility and good finish.

**WARRANTEE**—The usual five-year warranty is given to us by the manufacturer and we in turn guarantee every machine to give full and entire satisfaction.

## NO RISK WHATEVER.

So great is our confidence and knowledge of the superiority of the PREMIUM ARM that we further agree with every purchaser to REFUND THE MONEY in satisfaction is not given by the machine in every particular after a month's trial. Tailors, Dressmakers, Seamstresses, manufacturers of clothing, shirts, skirts, umbrellas, etc., will find one of its best recommendations is its special adaptation to the wants and range of work.

## The Automatic Tension,

When once properly regulated, will rarely need to be changed, and as a general whole range of family sewing can be done without any change of tension whatever, thread is obtained by nicely adjusted springs, that will accommodate themselves to the suit used.

## OUR CLAIMS FOR SUPERIORITY

### ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- A Device** Whereby the bobbin can be wound without running the machine and unnecessary wear of the machine and the trouble of unthreading and rethreading.
- A Scale for Regulating** The length of stitch, which enables the operator to readily ascertain the length of stitch without previous to commencing work.
- A Spring-Tension Cylinder Shuttle,** Holding a bobbin that can be changed without removing the shuttle from the machine.
- The Double Feed** Extends on both sides of the needle and permits a greater range of work than any other. It has great power and never performs its duty—will feed the lightest and heaviest goods with equal precision, cross seams and hard places without changing length of stitch or causing stitches to break.
- Light Running.** On account of the simple mechanical devices employed in the construction, runs lighter and with greater speed than any other machine, and is almost noiseless. It is the simplest, EASIEST OPERATED, best made and elegantly ornamented machine in the world, combining every requisite to produce work.

Inviting a practical test of this machine, we distinctly claim for it a great superior in material, workmanship, and in its performance. It is unquestionably the best machine now in the market.

## — THE OUTFIT. —

Each machine is supplied with the following outfit: One Hemmer and Feller for Twelve Needles, Six Bobbins, One Wrench, One Quilting Gauge, One Screwdriver, One Throat Gauge and Thimble, and a Book of Instructions. The following extra attachments are also furnished free: Buffer, Tacker, Blindst, Set of Wide Iron and Shirting Plates.

The book of instructions is profusely illustrated, and answers the purpose of a coach.

Machines are shipped as fast freight, unless otherwise ordered; we paying freight to Los Angeles, and purchaser paying from Los Angeles to his home.

Sewing machine agents sell this machine for \$30 and \$40; \$25.50 buys one from us and free subscription to the WEEKLY MIRROR is additional. Subscribe for your local agent or address

## THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY

Times Building, Los Angeles, Cal.

\$25.50 = \$25.50

With Copy of the WEEKLY MIRROR One Year



The manufacturers claim for THE PREMIUM that it has been improved and simplified in all its details by the best mechanical talent in America, who, with unlimited resources at their command, have combined only that which is practicable and dispensed with all the needless surroundings generally found in other machines.

It is the simplest machine, having the fewest parts, all strong, and with case-housings. Being free from complication it is easily cared for, never gets out of order, and is always ready for use. The most inexperienced can readily manage it. It has all the appliances and conveniences that go to make up the sum of excellences, successfully combining simplicity, durability, speed, strength and beauty, producing a machine unequalled for management and capacity for wide range of work.

## THE PREMIUM HIGH-ARM

Light-running and noiseless, uses A STRAIGHT, SELF-SETTING NEEDLE, and the double-thread "Lock Stitch." It is the perfection of mechanism for hemming, binding, cording, braiding, seaming, tucking, ruffling, gathering, embroidering, buttoning, quilting, etc.

It is adapted to every variety of sewing, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest woollens, and will do a greater range of work than any other machine.

The woodwork is unique and attractive in style and substantially made from well-selected and carefully selected material. Its elegant finish and rich trimmings are in good taste and harmonize with the excellent workmanship of the machine.

Far more handsome and ornamental than the ordinary style of woodwork, it is a machine of equal durability, quality and good finish.

**WARRANTEE**—The usual five-year warranty is given to us by the manufacturer in turn guarantee every machine to give full and entire satisfaction.

## NO RISK WHATEVER.

So great is our confidence and knowledge of the superiority of the PREMIUM HIGH-ARM that we further agree with every purchaser to REFUND THE MONEY in satisfaction is not given by the machine in every particular after a month's trial.

Tailors, Dressmakers, Seamstresses, manufacturers of clothing, shirts, skirts, umbrellas, etc., will find one of its best recommendations is its special adaptation to their wants and range of work.

## The Automatic Tension,

When once properly regulated, will rarely need to be changed, and as a general whole range of family sewing can be done without any change of tension whatever, skill is obtained by nicely adjusted springs, that will accommodate themselves to the thread used.

## OUR CLAIMS FOR SUPERIORITY

ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- A Device** Whereby the bobbin can be wound without running the machine and without unnecessary wear of the machine and the trouble of unthreading and changing wire and attachments while the bobbin is being filed.
- A Scale for Regulating** The length of stitch, which enables the operator to readily ascertain the length of stitch without the need of previous to commencing work.
- A Spring-Tension Cylinder Shuttle** Holding a bobbin that can be changed without removing the shuttle from the machine, and without one hand to thread through the machine is the most easily threaded shuttle in use. The tension may be changed without removing the shuttle from the machine.
- The Double Feed** Extends on both sides of the needle and permits a greater range of work than any other. It has great power and never performs its duty—will feed the lightest and heaviest goods with equal precision, cross seams and hard places without changing length of stitch or missing stitches.
- Light Running.** On account of the simple mechanical devices employed in its construction, runs lighter and with greater speed than any other machine, and is almost noiseless. It is the simplest, EASIEST OPERATED, best made and elegantly ornamented machine in the world, combining every requisite to produce work.

Inviting a practical test of this machine, we distinctly claim for it a great superior plan, material, workmanship, and in its performance. It is unquestionably the most perfect machine now in the market.

## —THE OUTFIT.—

Each machine is supplied with the following outfit: One Hemmer and Feller for Twelve Needles, Six Bobbins, One Wrench, One Quilting Gauge, One Sewing Gauge, One Thread Gauge and Thumb-screw, and a Book of Instructions. The full set of extra attachments are also furnished free: Kuller, Tucker, Binder, Set of Wide Feet, and Shirting Plate.

The book of instructions is profusely illustrated, and answers the purpose of a complete text-book.

Machines are shipped as fast freight, unless otherwise ordered; we paying freight Los Angeles, and purchaser paying from Los Angeles to his home.

Sewing machine agents sell this machine for \$30 and \$40; \$25.50 buys one from our store. A year's subscription to the WEEKLY MIRROR is addition. Subscribe with your local agent or address

## THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY

Times Building, Los Angeles, Cal.



## THE CITY IN BRIEF.

George O. Perkins of San Francisco is in the city to see Judge Cheney's court yesterday of burglary.

Dr. Fay is to preach next Sunday on "What Must I Do to be Saved?" It is understood that he will then pay his respects to Sam Jones.

The Republican City Central Committee held a meeting last night, but did not do any business, and adjourned until 7:30 a.m. next Wednesday.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph office for Miss Lizzie Miller, Mrs. J. D. Stewart, Nelson Bennett (4), J. R. Scribner, William Price, Joe Bear.

Joseph Jones, a colored man who robbed a Chinaman of his watch some time ago, was found guilty as a result of his trial in Judge Cheney's court, and will be sentenced tomorrow.

David Leiva, the Verdugo murderer, who was convicted in Judge Cheney's court last week, was yesterday sentenced by Judge Cheney to serve a sentence of 15 years in the prison.

Marriage licenses were granted yesterday to Charles O'Meara, native of Maryland, aged 31, and Sally Stephens, of Oregon, aged 21; and O. Hanson, aged 33, and Sophia Olson, aged 32.

A man who gave the fictitious name of John Smith in Justice Lockwood's court was convicted yesterday of visiting an inmate in jail, and was fined \$15. His partner in crime, William Edwards, was fined \$10.

The case of the people vs. Wood for embezzlement, which is to come up in Justice Lockwood's court next Saturday, presents some queer features, among which is the fact that the detective who arrested the man is on his bail bond.

T. Tozetti, on trial in the United States District Court for selling liquor to Indians, withdrew his plea of not guilty yesterday, and entered a plea of guilty, whereupon he was sentenced to pay a fine of \$1 and go to jail one day.

As ex-City Attorney J. C. Daly was driving on Oak street yesterday afternoon, and his wife in the carriage, the horse took fright and shied, upsetting the vehicle. Mr. Daly's mother was badly injured, and it is feared that she may not recover.

A gentleman well acquainted with the orange industry states to THE TIMES that a solution of one-sixth part kerosene and five-sixths part water applied to orange trees will effectively destroy the scale bug. He has tried it and found it a sure thing.

Lizzie Abbott, Minnie Abbott and Margaret Remisz, three giddy, giddy girls who had amused themselves by throwing stones at a neighbor's building, were arraigned before Justice Lockwood yesterday for disturbing the peace, and are fined \$10 each.

St. Hilde's Hall, Glendale, is to be formally opened today by an address delivered by Rev. Thomas W. Haskins, rector of Christ's Church. The train will leave the Los Angeles and Glendale depot, Downey avenue, at 9:30 a.m., returning at 12:45 and 2:15 p.m.

The funeral of the late John R. Opitz, who committed suicide at St. Paul's hospital, took place from the undertaking rooms of Orr & Sutch yesterday. The spiritualistic burial service was read at the grave by Dr. Clark, a well-known druggist of this city.

Mrs. Lucy Marron alias Miss Lucy Brown filed a complaint against two men named Elmer and Sherbourne, charging them with battery. She claimed that the disturbance arose over the lease of a piece of land. The case came to a hearing yesterday and the men were discharged.

There will be a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Chamber of Commerce at their rooms at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The next regular meeting of the chamber will be held next Wednesday week, the day preceding the meeting of the Southern California Board of Trade.

The Los Angeles Social World was sold by the Sheriff yesterday, and was bid for for \$255. It was purchased by a man named Kennedy. Gilbert McHenry, the former editor, and L. Montgomery Mather will establish within the next ten days a new literary and social paper entitled Los Angeles Life.

The following passengers left for the north by yesterday noon's express: A. Kaufmann, H. S. Squire, C. A. Wetmore, A. G. Clara, C. O. Blood, R. M. Maloney, B. Wilkins, L. Ballinger, Charles Ford, F. Schumacher, J. A. Hill, Dr. Cartwright, George Rutherford, C. F. Smur, R. D. Warner, J. S. Kaine, C. H. Howard, W. W. Jett.

It is reported that David B. Pyne and W. A. Miller, both old soldiers and members of the Stanton Post No. 55, G.A.R., of this city, will leave today for the East to attend the inauguration exercises at Washington. Mr. Miller was a member throughout the war of Gen. Harrison's regiment—the Seventeenth Indiana—which will form the escort of the President-elect.

The Charity Concert which will take place at Turner Hall tomorrow evening promises to be not only a financial but an artistic success. The people of Los Angeles are always ready to respond to worthy objects, and none can appeal more nearly to their charity than the aid of the orphan. The musical selections embrace a wide and pleasing variety of instrumental and vocal numbers.

HE SAVED MY LIFE.

I consulted a great many physicians; none gave me any hope. At last I went to see one who had considerable reputation in the treatment of lung diseases. He gave me a thorough examination, and said my right lung was badly diseased, but if the disease could be kept from extending to the left, which was probable, I could be cured. I took new courage, and commenced treatment. I had had many severe hemorrhages from the lungs; was so debilitated that I was a mere skeleton; could not sleep at night for the cough and expectation of mucus, and during the day I felt that my efforts to get up the corruption must disgust my nearest friends. I could not sit up at night, and was unable to take any exercise on account of shortness of breath. My appetite was poor, and food would often distress me greatly, and night sweats were taking what little strength I had left. I am in perfect health now, and have scarcely had a day's sickness for over a year. My cough is gone, all the distressing symptoms have disappeared, even to the hacking and spitting of mucus from the chest. I make this statement for the benefit of those who are troubled as I was, and to perhaps convince them that they are not past hope.

Go and have a talk with the Doctor. He will charge you nothing for an examination, and will tell you frankly if he can cure you. For further information address Warren C. Lindsay, Southwestern House, Mayo street, or doctor's general delivery.

The above is but one of the many testimonials Dr. W. N. Davis has on file at his office, 405 North Spring street. Hereafter a new one will be published every week, and we need not to convince the most skeptical that money cannot cure incurable diseases, but that he can, and if any one doubts his ability he invites an investigation, as every one whose name is used will reside in the city and can be interviewed.

At Joe Pehle's, the Tailor, Commencing January 15th, I will make suits to order at a genuine reduction of 10 per cent. to my original price of 25 per cent. This reduction to continue for 60 days only. 49 and 51 South Spring street, 281 North Main street.

Well known. Largest stock, fine selection and lowest prices for good goods. Eckstrom Tailor, 289 and 311 Main street, near Third street.

Come and see the New and secondhand furniture for sale on installments. Cash paid for goods. 308 S. Spring street. W. P. Martin & Sons.

General sale at the Bee Hive, 325 South Main street, where you will find the best of goods, 300 good wallpaper, 1500 undergarments, 2500 shirts, 2500 pairs of trousers, 2500 pairs of socks, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500 pairs of dresses, 2500 pairs of hats, 2500 pairs of shoes, 2500 pairs of gloves, 2500 pairs of stockings, 2500 pairs of hosiery, 2500 pairs of underwear, 2500 pairs of pajamas, 2500 pairs of nightgowns, 2500 pairs of robes, 2500 pairs of coats, 2500 pairs of suits, 2500